

Oversize Overmass (OSOM) vehicles

What is a OSOM load-carrying vehicle?

An Oversize Overmass (OSOM) vehicle is a heavy vehicle that is carrying, or specially designed to carry, a large indivisible item.

A heavy vehicle is a Class 1 heavy vehicle if it, together with its load, does not comply with a prescribed mass requirement or prescribed dimension requirement applying to it and is a heavy vehicle carrying, or designed for the purpose of carrying, a large indivisible item including, for example, a combination including a low loader.

Examples of OSOM vehicles include a combination of prime movers, low loaders, low loader dollies, platform trailers and jinkers.

A Class 1 OSOM vehicle does not require a permit to operate provided the movement of the vehicle complies with all of the requirements and travel conditions outlined in a transition notice. Operators still need to comply with the operating conditions specified in their relevant transition notice.

If a Class 1 OSOM vehicle does not comply with the mass or dimension limits set out in a transition notice, an operator must apply to the National Heavy Vehicle Regulator (NHVR) to obtain a Mass or Dimension Exemption Permit.

OSOM vehicles:

large indivisible item - an item that:-

- › can not be divided without extreme effort, expense or risk of damage to it;
- › can not be carried on any heavy vehicle without contravening a mass requirement or dimension requirement.

low loader - a trailer with a loading deck no more than 1m above the ground.

low loader dolly - a device for distributing mass that:-

- › is usually coupled between a prime mover and low loader;
- › consists of a rigid frame of a gooseneck shape;
- › does not directly carry any load;
- › is equipped with 1 or more axles, a kingpin and a fifth wheel coupling.

yellow, in relation to a light, includes amber.

Exemption under Mass or Dimension Exemption Gazette Notice

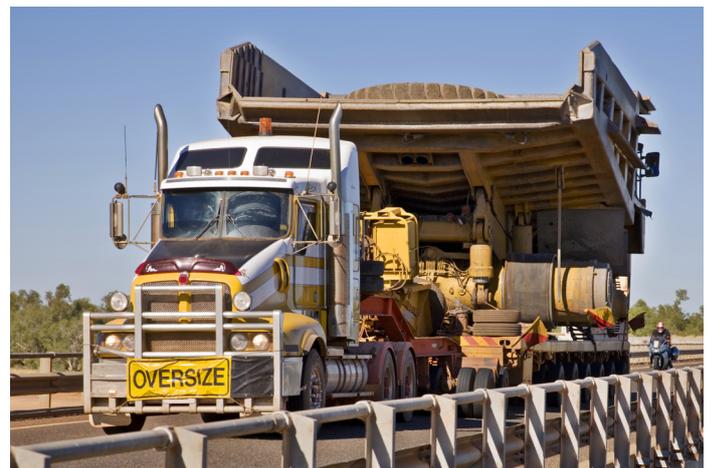
The NHVR may grant a Mass or Dimension Exemption Gazette Notice for a period of not more than five years to a Class 1 OSOM vehicle from a prescribed mass or dimension requirement.

A Mass or Dimension Exemption Gazette Notice will include the following information:

- › the category of heavy vehicles to which the exemption applies
- › the mass or dimension requirements
- › the areas or routes to which the exemption applies
- › the road conditions or travel conditions required by the relevant road manager/s
- › the period for which the exemption applies

Operators can continue to operate under a current transition gazette notice. If the vehicle exceeds the requirements of the gazette you can apply to the NHVR to obtain a mass or Dimension Exemption Permit.

Gazette notices or guidelines specific to the movement of OSOM vehicles have seen consolidated into a national gazette notice.



Exemptions by permit

The NHVR may grant a Mass or Dimension Exemption Permit for a period of not more than three years. For access to the road network that is not covered under a transition notice an application to the NHVR will be required.

Will I have to apply for a permit again?

All permits that were already in force at the time the Heavy Vehicle National Law (HVNL) commenced continue to have effect as if they were made under the HVNL. They will remain current until their expiry date or they are replaced under the national access framework, whichever comes first.

All new and renewal permit applications must be directed to the NHVR.

Where the dimensions of the vehicle are likely to interfere with overhead wires, bridges and other structures on or beside the road, approval to travel the route must be sought from the relevant authorities. These third party approvals will be required prior to the issue of a permit. It is the responsibility of the OSOM vehicle operator to obtain approval from the relevant organisation. For further details regarding third party providers please see the *Third party utility provider fact sheet*.

The driver of a Class 1 heavy vehicle who is driving the vehicle under a Mass or Dimension Exemption Permit must keep a copy of the permit in the driver's possession.

What if my permit doesn't have an expiry date?

In almost all cases, permits should have an expiry date attached to them. Some older permits which were issued in perpetuity continue to exist. In this small number of cases, the permits will continue under the HVNL for three years. At the end of the three year period, the permit will lapse and you must apply to the NHVR if you want the permit to be reissued.

Warning devices

In some instances OSOM vehicles may require conditions of operations such as warning devices or warning lights to operate on the road network. If operating under a transition notice or a permit, these requirements will be specified in detail.

Examples of warning devices that may apply to an OSOM vehicle.

Warning lights

A warning light attached to a OSOM vehicle, when switched on, must:

- › emit a yellow coloured light of rotating and flashing effect
- › flash between 120 and 200 times a minute
- › have a power of at least:
 - › if LED technology is used— 25W, or
 - › if another technology is used—55W
- › not be a strobe light.

A warning light attached to a OSOM vehicle must be:

- › clearly visible at a distance of 500m in all directions, or
- › supplemented by 1 or more additional warning lights so that the light emanating from at least 1 of them is clearly visible at a distance of 500m in any direction

Warning flags

4 brightly coloured red, red and yellow, or yellow flags, each at least 450mm by 450mm, fixed as follows:

- › a flag must be attached at each side of the front of the vehicle or, if a load projects from the front of the vehicle, at each side of the front of the load.
- › a flag must be fixed at each side of the rear of the vehicle or, if a load projects from the rear of the vehicle, at each side of the rear of the load.

Warning lights and delineators

If a load projects more than 150mm beyond a side of a Class 1 heavy vehicle, and the projection is less than 500mm thick from top to bottom:

- › a warning light must be attached to the vehicle
- › 2 delineators must be attached to the projection in the way stated in subsection (2) on each side of the vehicle on which the load projects more than 150mm.

The delineators must be attached in the following way—

- › at least 1 delineator must be attached to the front of the projection and at least 1 delineator must be attached to the rear of the projection
- › a delineator attached to the front of the projection must be attached so that its reflective surface is facing forward of the vehicle
- › a delineator attached to the rear of the projection must be attached so that its reflective surface is facing rearward from the vehicle.

‘Delineator’ means a yellow, rigid piece of material that:

- › is at least 300mm long and at least 300mm wide
- › complies with Class 1 or 2 of AS 1906 ‘Retro-reflective Materials and Devices for Road Traffic Control Purposes’.



Oversize sign

The warning sign on a OSOM vehicle must be at least 1200mm long and at least 450mm high. The length of the sign may be split in two parts, in which case the combined length of its parts must be at least 1200mm.

A warning sign on OSOM vehicle must have a face showing:

- › the word **OVERSIZE**, in black capital letters and in typeface Series C(N) complying with AS 1744 Forms of Letters and Numerals for Road Signs

Note – AS 1744 Forms of Letters and Numerals for Road Signs may be purchased from Standards Australia at www.standards.org.au.

- › the letters must be at least 200mm high and at least 125mm from the top and bottom of the warning sign.

If the length of the warning sign is split into two parts:

- › the word **OVER** must be on the left part and the word **SIZE** on the right part
- › there must be no border between the two parts
- › both parts must be mounted at the same height.

A warning sign on a OSOM vehicle must be fitted horizontally. The lower edge of the warning sign must be:

- › above the bottom bumper bar, or
- › if there is no bumper bar, at least 500mm above ground level.

The face of a warning sign on a Class 1 OSOM vehicle must have:

- › a yellow surface complying with Class 1 or 2 of AS 1906 ‘Retro-reflective Materials and Devices for Road Traffic Control Purposes’
- › a black border that is at least 20mm wide and, unless the sign is made with a box edge, whose outermost edge is at least 10mm in from the edge of the sign
- › its manufacturer’s name or trademark, and the brand and class of material used for the warning sign’s surface, permanently marked in letters at least 3mm but no more than 10mm high on any visible part of the sign.

A warning sign on a OSOM vehicle must be made of stiff, flat, weatherproof material for example:

- › zinalume that is at least 0.8mm thick
- › aluminium that is at least 1.6mm thick

However it may be made of flexible, weatherproof material if the sign is:

- › held taut
- › clearly visible
- › unlikely to become dislocated, furl or otherwise difficult to be read by other road users.

▼ Example of a warning sign for an oversize vehicle or combination



Other requirements

Smallest practicable size of unloaded vehicle

A Class 1 heavy vehicle that is not carrying goods must be kept at its smallest practicable dimensions, with any booms fully retracted. This includes retracting extendible trailers, closing in widened trailers and disassembling trailer extension supports.

Vehicle loading

If a load can be safely loaded in more than one way, it must be loaded in a way that minimises the width of the vehicle and its load.

Towing a low loader dolly with an unladen low loader

A low loader dolly must not be towed in combination with an unladen low loader unless the combination is 2.5m wide or less and there are exceptional difficulties in loading or unloading the dolly due to the nature of the site or because of the short distance to be travelled.

About the NHVR

The National Heavy Vehicle Regulator (NHVR) is Australia's dedicated independent regulator for heavy vehicles over 4.5 tonnes gross vehicle mass.

The NHVR was created to administer one set of rules for heavy vehicles under the Heavy Vehicle National Law (HVNL), improve safety and productivity, minimise the compliance burden on the heavy vehicle transport industry and reduce duplication and inconsistencies across state and territory borders.

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*Standard 1300 call charges apply. Please check with your phone provider.



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Please note: While every attempt has been made to ensure the accuracy of the content of this fact sheet, it should not be relied upon as legal advice.